

Ibrahim Index of African Governance

COUNTRY INSIGHTS

SÃO TOMÉ & PRÍNCIPE



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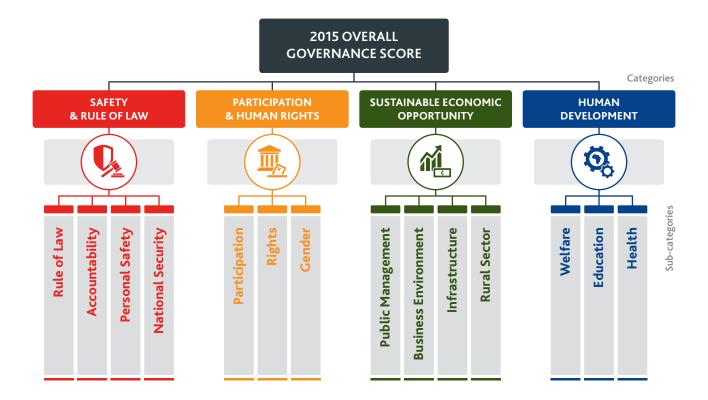
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All figures have been rounded to the nearest one decimal place. This means that countries may appear to have the same score, or the change over time may appear inaccurate, but this is not the case when all decimal places are taken into account. Countries have been ranked and trends have been described on the basis of full scores not the rounded numbers that appear here.

Regional Economic Community (REC) averages are calculated by applying the REC's current membership configuration for all data years.

The Mo Ibrahim Foundation (MIF) is aware that some sources update their data sets after our documentation is sent to print. IIAG raw data are correct as per the date 'last accessed', which is stated for each indicator within the Data Portal (www.moibrahimfoundation.org/iiag/downloads/).

South Sudan and Sudan are excluded from all group averages pre-2011 as neither country existed in their current configurations before the secession of South Sudan in 2011.



The Ibrahim Index of African Governance (IIAG) measures the quality of governance in every African country on an annual basis. It does this by compiling data from diverse global sources to build an accurate and detailed picture of governance performance in African countries.

The broad aim of the IIAG is to better inform and sustain the debate on African governance by providing a transparent and user-friendly resource to:

 support citizens, governments, institutions and the private sector to accurately assess the delivery of public goods and services, and policy outcomes.

- encourage data-driven narratives on governance issues.
- help determine, debate and strengthen government performance.

The IIAG was created in 2007 in recognition of the need for a quantifiable tool to accurately measure and monitor African governance performance, its progress over time and across countries, and as a means of supporting effective and responsive solutions to complex public policy challenges in developing countries. Policies need to be evaluated by their results, which can only be done if accompanied by robust data.

2015 Ibrahim Index of African Governance





SÃO TOMÉ & PRÍNCIPE

São Tomé & Príncipe shows a positive overall governance trend, driven by progression in three of the four categories. São Tomé & Príncipe has shown particular improvement in its weakest category *Sustainable Economic Opportunity*, contrasting with a reversal of progress in *Participation* & Human Rights.

In Safety & Rule of Law São Tomé & Príncipe has made considerable gains in Personal Safety; as a result of the third largest improvement on the continent, it is now the best performing country in this sub-category. At the same time it has shown deterioration in Rule of Law, in which it receives its lowest sub-category rank.

São Tomé & Príncipe receives its highest score in *Participation & Human Rights*, the only category in which it is ranked in the top ten performing countries on the continent. Despite this, its progress has slipped in recent years, particularly in *Rights*, which has begun to show a negative trend.

Overall governance: marginal improvement in Central Africa's top performing country.

São Tomé & Príncipe scores 59.1 (out of 100) in overall governance, ranking 13th (out of 54) in Africa.

São Tomé & Príncipe shows overall governance improvement (+0.7) since 2011.

São Tomé & Príncipe scores higher than the African average and higher than the regional average for Central Africa.

São Tomé & Príncipe is ranked 1st in Central Africa in overall governance.

Safety & Rule of Law: progress in Personal Safety conceals negative trend in Rule of Law.

São Tomé & Príncipe scores 61.5 in Safety & Rule of Law, ranking 14th on the continent.

Within the *Safety & Rule of Law* category, São Tomé & Príncipe's best sub-category performance is in *National Security*, scoring 94.9.

São Tomé & Príncipe's weakest sub-category performance in the *Safety & Rule of Law* category is in *Accountability*, scoring 35.0.

São Tomé & Príncipe has shown an improvement (+1.3) in Safety & Rule of Law since 2011. This has been driven by improvement in two of the four sub-categories: Personal Safety (+11.7) and National Security (+5.0).

Participation & Human Rights: deteriorating performance threatens top ten rank position.

São Tomé & Príncipe scores 67.6 in Participation & Human Rights, ranking 10th on the continent.

Within the *Participation & Human Rights* category, São Tomé & Príncipe's best sub-category performance is in *Participation*, scoring 73.8.

São Tomé & Príncipe's weakest sub-category performance in the *Participation & Human Rights* category is in *Gender*, scoring 62.1.

São Tomé & Príncipe has shown a deterioration (-0.8) in *Participation & Human Rights* since 2011. This has been driven by deterioration in two of the three sub-categories: *Participation* (-0.1) and *Rights* (-2.4).

Sustainable Economic Opportunity: progress in all sub-categories spur positive trend.

São Tomé & Príncipe scores 40.4 in *Sustainable Economic Opportunity*, ranking 32nd on the continent.

Within the *Sustainable Economic Opportunity* category, São Tomé & Príncipe's best sub-category performance is in *Business Environment*, scoring 46.6.

São Tomé & Príncipe's weakest sub-category performance in the *Sustainable Economic Opportunity* category is in *Infrastructure*, scoring 25.2.

São Tomé & Príncipe has shown an improvement (+1.9) in *Sustainable Economic Opportunity* since 2011. This has been driven by improvement in all four sub-categories: *Public Management* (+0.5), *Business Environment* (+2.2), *Infrastructure* (+0.1) and *Rural Sector* (+4.8).

Human Development: deterioration in Welfare and Education balanced by gains in Health.

São Tomé & Príncipe scores 66.7 in *Human Development*, ranking 11th on the continent.

Within the *Human Development* category, São Tomé & Príncipe's best sub-category performance is in *Health*, scoring 78.9.

São Tomé & Príncipe's weakest sub-category performance in the *Human Development* category is in *Welfare*, scoring 59.6.

São Tomé & Príncipe has shown an improvement (+0.2) in *Human Development* since 2011. This has been driven by improvement in one of the three sub-categories: *Health* (+1.6).

SÃO TOMÉ & PRÍNCIPE



2014 SCORES & RANKS

SCORE/100

59.1

AFRICAN AVERAGE

50.1

CHANGE SINCE 2011

+0.7

RANK/54

13

Head of State President Manuel Pinto da Costa Date came to power 3 September 2011 Head of Government Prime Minister Patrice Emery Trovoada 25 November 2014 Date came to power Region Central Africa CEN-SAD, ECCAS REC Membership(s) Population (total m) 0.2 Urban population (% of total population) 64.5 African Peer Review Mechanism Member

African Charter on Democracy, **Elections and Governance**

Safety & Rule of Law

African Charter on Statistics

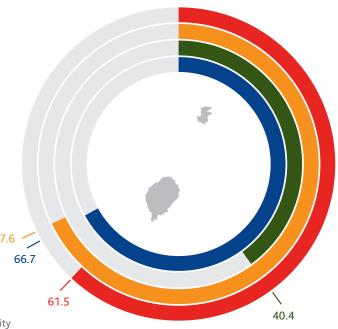
Information correct at 23 July 2015

Participation & Human Rights

Signed, Not ratified

Signed, Not ratified

 Sustainable Economic Opportunity Human Development







SUSTAINABLE ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY

O _O	HUMAN DEVELOPMENT
O,	

SCORE/100

61.5

AFRICAN AVERAGE

51.3

CHANGE SINCE 2011

+1.3

RANK/54

14

SCORE/100

67.6

AFRICAN AVERAGE

49.3

CHANGE SINCE 2011

-0.8

RANK/54

10

SCORE/100

40.4

AFRICAN AVERAGE

43.2

CHANGE SINCE 2011

+1.9

RANK/54

32

SCORE/100

66.7

AFRICAN AVERAGE

56.4

CHANGE SINCE 2011

+0.2

RANK/54

11

2014 SUB-CATEGORY SCORES & RANKS

	SAFETY & RULE OF LAW	SCORE/100	AFRICAN AVERAGE	RANK/54		SUSTAINABLE ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY	SCORE/100	AFRICAN AVERAGE	RANK/54
2	RULE OF LAW	42.9	50.8	37	23	PUBLIC MANAGEMENT	44.1	46.0	35
0	ACCOUNTABILITY	35.0	35.5	27		BUSINESS ENVIRONMENT	46.6	40.7	21
0	PERSONAL SAFETY	73.3	44.0	1		INFRASTRUCTURE	25.2	36.5	41
a	NATIONAL SECURITY	94.9	74.8	7		RURAL SECTOR	45.7	50.5	36
	PARTICIPATION & HUMAN RIGHTS	SCORE/100	AFRICAN AVERAGE	RANK/54	O ₀	HUMAN DEVELOPMENT	SCORE/100	AFRICAN AVERAGE	RANK/54
	PARTICIPATION	73.8	45.9	9	(WELFARE	59.6	50.9	15
	RIGHTS	67.0	47.3	8	0	EDUCATION	61.8	48.8	11
89	GENDER	62.1	54.8	21	•	HEALTH	78.9	69.9	13

TRENDS SINCE 2011, OVERALL GOVERNANCE & CATEGORY LEVELS



SÃO TOMÉ & PRÍNCIPE

Score/100; 100 = best

	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	201 201
OVERALL SCORE	54.8	56.1	55.8	55.4	56.0	56.0	55.9	57.2	57.6	56.6	56.3	58.4	58.9	59.5	59.1	+0
SAFETY & RULE OF LAW	64.3	64.3	63.1	62.6	63.5	63.5	64.0	64.7	65.1	61.5	60.3	60.2	62.4	62.0	61.5	+1
RULE OF LAW	57.7	57.7	57.7	57.7	57.7	58.4	57.7	57.7	57.7	57.7	53.4	51.7	50.1	49.8	42.9	-8.
Property Rights (AfDB/WB/BS/HER/WEF)	42.9	42.9	42.9	42.9	42.9	46.0	42.9	42.9	42.9	42.9	46.0	46.0	38.1	36.5	39.3	-6.
Judicial Process (EIU/GI)	41.7	41.7	41.7	41.7	41.7	41.7	41.7	41.7	41.7	41.7	41.7	41.7	41.7	41.7	16.7	-25.
Judicial Independence (BS/GI/WEF)	37.5	37.5	37.5	37.5	37.5	37.5	37.5	37.5	37.5	37.5	37.5	37.5	37.5	37.5	25.0	-12.
Sanctions (CDD)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	0.
Transfers of Power (EIU)	66.7	66.7	66.7	66.7	66.7	66.7	66.7	66.7	66.7	66.7	41.7	33.3	33.3	33.3	33.3	0.
ACCOUNTABILITY	33.1	33.1	33.1	31.0	29.9	28.9	31.7	34.5	35.9	36.6	36.3	37.5	37.8	36.7	35.0	-2
Accountability, Transparency & Corruption in the Public Sector (AfDB/WB)	60.7	60.7	60.7	60.7	60.7	60.7	60.7	60.7	60.7	67.0	67.0	73.2	73.2	73.2	73.2	0
Access to Information (GI)	58.3	58.3	58.3	58.3	58.3	58.3	58.3	58.3	58.3	58.3	58.3	58.3	58.3	58.3	41.7	-16
Online Services (UNDESA)	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.7	1.7	6.6	11.5	16.4	14.6	12.8	14.9	17.0	9.1	1.1	-13
Corruption & Bureaucracy (WB)	57.1	57.1	57.1	42.9	35.4	28.6	42.9	42.9	42.9	42.9	42.9	42.9	42.9	42.9	42.9	0
Corruption in Government & Public Officials (EIU)	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	35.0	40.0	40.0	40.0	40.0	40.0	40.0	40.0	0
Diversion of Public Funds (WEF)																
Accountability of Public Officials (EIU)	33.3	33.3	33.3	33.3	33.3	33.3	33.3	33.3	33.3	33.3	33.3	33.3	33.3	33.3	33.3	0
Public Sector Corruption Investigation (GI)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	12.5	+12
Prosecution of Abuse of Office (BS)																
PERSONAL SAFETY	71.7	71.7	66.7	66.7	71.7	71.7	71.7	71.7	71.7	61.7	61.7	61.7	66.7	66.7	73.3	+11
Safety of the Person (EIU)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	+25
Police Services (GI/WEF)	33.3	33.3	33.3	33.3	33.3	33.3	33.3	33.3	33.3	33.3	33.3	33.3	33.3	33.3	66.7	+33
Social Unrest (EIU)	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	0
Violent Crime (EIU)	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	0
Political Violence (ACLED/PTS)	100.0	100.0	75.0	75.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	0
Human Trafficking (USDS)																
NATIONAL SECURITY	94.9	94.9	94.9	94.8	94.9	94.9	94.9	94.9	94.9	89.9	89.9	89.9	94.9	94.9	94.9	+5
Government Involvement in Armed Conflict (UCDP)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	0.
Domestic Armed Conflict (EIU)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	0.
Cross-border Tensions (EIU)	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	+25
Internally Displaced People (IDMC)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	0
Political Refugees (UNHCR)	99.5	99.6	99.3	99.2	99.3	99.6	99.5	99.5	99.4	99.5	99.5	99.5	99.5	99.6	99.7	+0
PARTICIPATION & HUMAN RIGHTS	64.3	65.9	66.0	64.5	64.4	64.1	64.2	64.9	65.1	65.4	65.9	68.4	68.4	68.5	67.6	-0
PARTICIPATION	66.0	70.2	70.2	64.6	64.6	64.6	64.6	65.8	67.0	67.0	67.0	74.0	74.0	73.8	73.8	-0
Political Rights (FH)	100.0	100.0	100.0	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	0
Political Participation (EIU)	35.6	35.6	35.6	35.6	35.6	35.6	35.6	39.2	42.7	42.7	42.7	42.7	42.7	42.3	42.3	-0
Free & Fair Elections (BS)	33.0	33.0	33.0	33.0	33.0	33.0	55.0	- 55.2						12.5	12.5	-
Free & Fair Executive Elections (IREEP)	62.5	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	95.8	95.8	95.8	95.8	0
Effective Power to Govern (BS)	02.3	75.0	75.0	75.0	7 3.0	73.0	73.0	73.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	33.0	55.0	33.0		
RIGHTS	67.9	68.7	68.7	69.5	69.5	69.4	69.4	69.5	69.5	69.5	69.4	69.4	69.5	69.5	67.0	-2
Freedom of Expression (BS/FH/GI/RSF)	76.2	80.0	80.0	74.3	74.3	73.7	73.7	74.3	74.3	74.3	73.7	73.7	74.3	74.3	86.8	+13
Freedom of Association & Assembly (BS/GI)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	75.0	-25
Civil Liberties (BS/FH)	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	0
International Human Rights Conventions (OHCHR/UNOLA)	5.0	5.0	5.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	0
Human Rights (EIU)	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	0
GENDER	58.9	59.0	59.1	59.2	58.9	58.2	58.4	59.2	58.6	59.7	61.4	61.8	61.6	62.1	62.1	+0
Gender Equality (AfDB/WB)	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	43.8	43.8	50.0	43.8	43.8	50.0	50.0	47.9	50.0	50.0	0+0
	82.2		82.2	82.2	80.1					88.5		85.2		85.5		+0
Gender Balance in Education (WB) Women's Participation in the Labour Force (WB)		82.2				81.0	83.1	85.2	82.8		83.2		85.3 42.9		85.5 43.4	+0.
Women's Participation in the Labour Force (WB) Conder Equality in the Workshop (CI)	34.9 66.7	35.2	35.9 66.7	36.5	37.3	38.1	38.8	39.5	40.3	41.0 66.7	41.7	42.4 66.7	42.9	43.4	43.4	+
Gender Equality in the Workplace (GI)	00./	66.7	00.7	66.7	66.7	66.7	66.7	66.7	66.7	00./	66.7	00./	66.7	66.7	66.7	0
Legislation on Violence against Women (OECD)																-
Women in Politics (GI/IPU)	44.6	44.6	44.6	44.6	44.6	44.6	43.2	38.9	43.2	43.2	51.8	51.8	51.8	51.8	51.8	0
Women in the Judiciary (GI)	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	0
SUSTAINABLE ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY	39.6	39.6	39.5	39.6	39.1	38.6	36.8	38.2	39.4	37.4	36.8	38.5	37.6	40.0	40.4	+1
PUBLIC MANAGEMENT	33.9	33.7	32.3	31.8	30.0	38.1	30.2	41.0	48.6	41.2	40.3	43.5	34.9	42.8	44.1	+0
Public Administration (AfDB/WB)	58.3	58.3	58.3	58.3	58.3	58.3	58.3	58.3	58.3	58.3	58.3	58.3	55.2	66.1	56.8	-1
Statistical Capacity (WB)	46.3	46.3	46.3	46.3	46.3	46.3	46.3	58.2	58.2	65.7	59.7	59.7	62.7	71.6	70.1	+10

Score/100; 100 = best

	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	Cha 2
Diversification (AfDB/OECD/UNDP)	3.2	6.8	2.7	2.0	5.7	3.2	5.1	4.7	1.7	3.2	5.0	2.5	1.6	0.6	0.6	
Budget Management (AfDB/WB)	47.2	47.2	47.2	47.2	47.2	47.2	38.9	52.8	52.8	52.8	52.8	58.3	55.6	52.8	54.2	
Ratio of Total Revenue to Total Expenditure (AfDB/AU/UNECA)	33.7	41.9	40.7	45.3	24.7	100.0	31.6	100.0	100.0	23.6	37.4	34.8	31.2	28.7	32.4	
Fiscal Policy (AfDB/WB)	50.8	50.8	50.8	50.8	50.8	50.8	50.8	56.3	56.3	56.3	56.3	61.9	67.5	61.9	67.5	-
Ratio of External Debt Service to Exports (EIU)	31.3	15.9	7.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	72.5	73.4	53.4	74.3	0.0	66.6	74.5	-
Revenue Mobilisation (AfDB/WB/ICTD)	34.3	35.8	36.4	36.1	37.2	36.8	41.3	38.9	37.7	37.5	39.6	42.1	40.4	36.8	40.4	
Access to Financial Records of State-owned Companies (GI)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	T
BUSINESS ENVIRONMENT	42.6	42.6	42.6	42.6	42.6	42.6	42.6	42.6	42.6	43.1	43.1	44.4	46.6	46.6	46.6	١.
Competitive Environment (AfDB/WB/BS/GI)	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	45.8	45.8	50.0	51.0	51.0	51.0	١.
Customs Procedures (WEF)																T
Investment Climate (HER)	44.4	44.4	44.4	44.4	44.4	44.4	44.4	44.4	44.4	50.0	50.0	50.0	55.6	55.6	55.6	Ť.
Bureaucracy & Red Tape (EIU)	33.3	33.3	33.3	33.3	33.3	33.3	33.3	33.3	33.3	33.3	33.3	33.3	33.3	33.3	33.3	+
Soundness of Banks (WEF)																+
INFRASTRUCTURE	23.2	23.8	24.6	25.4	25.2	25.7	26.2	23.1	22.7	23.7	24.6	25.1	25.1	25.2	25.2	
	25.2	25.0	24.0	25.4	25.2	23.1	20.2	25.1	LL.1	25.7	24.0	23.1	23.1	25.2		۳
Road Network (WEF)	25.0	2E 0	25.0	2E 0	2E 0	25.0	2E 0									+
Rail Network (EIU)	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	6.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	+
Air Transport (GI/WEF)	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	+
Access to Water (WHO/UNICEF)	46.6	48.3	49.9	51.5	53.1	54.7	56.3	57.9	59.4	61.0	62.5	64.0	64.1	64.1	64.2	+
Electricity Supply (WEF)																+
Felephone & IT Infrastructure (EIU)	16.7	16.7	16.7	16.7	16.7	16.7	16.7	16.7	16.7	16.7	16.7	16.7	16.7	16.7	16.7	+
Digital Connectivity (ITU)	2.8	4.2	6.3	8.6	6.0	7.0	8.0	9.7	12.5	16.1	18.8	19.9	20.0	20.0	20.0	
RURAL SECTOR	58.5	58.5	58.5	58.5	58.5	48.2	48.2	46.0	43.7	41.5	39.3	40.8	43.5	45.3	45.7	
Public Resources for Rural Development (IFAD)	81.3	81.3	81.3	81.3	81.3	50.0	50.0	45.3	40.6	35.9	31.3	31.3	43.8	45.3	37.5	1
Accountability, Transparency & Corruption in Rural Areas (IFAD)	55.7	55.7	55.7	55.7	55.7	41.2	41.2	41.8	42.4	43.0	43.6	48.4	48.4	48.4	48.4	
and & Water for Low-income Rural Populations (IFAD)	58.6	58.6	58.6	58.6	58.6	36.0	36.0	36.5	37.1	37.6	38.2	36.4	30.0	31.7	36.0	
Rural Business Climate (IFAD)	49.1	49.1	49.1	49.1	49.1	55.7	55.7	51.2	46.7	42.1	37.6	40.4	35.2	36.4	38.4	
Agricultural Research & Extension Services (IFAD)	58.1	58.1	58.1	58.1	58.1	51.1	51.1	46.6	42.0	37.5	33.0	30.2	46.4	52.2	51.1	4
Agricultural Policy Costs (WEF)																
Ingagement with Low-income Rural Populations (IFAD)	64.1	64.1	64.1	64.1	64.1	58.2	58.2	57.2	56.2	55.1	54.1	61.8	67.6	69.8	70.6	
Equal Representation in Rural Areas (IFAD)	42.5	42.5	42.5	42.5	42.5	45.0	45.0	43.1	41.3	39.4	37.5	37.5	33.3	33.3	37.5	T
HUMAN DEVELOPMENT	50.9	54.4	54.8	55.1	56.9	57.7	58.7	61.1	60.9	62.0	62.2	66.5	67.4	67.7	66.7	
WELFARE	49.5	49.5	49.5	49.5	49.5	46.4	46.6	51.1	49.5	49.5	55.8	60.3	59.3	59.0	59.6	Т
Welfare Regime (BS)																Τ
Welfare Services (Health & Education) (AfDB/WB)	58.9	58.9	58.9	58.9	58.9	46.4	46.4	59.8	59.8	59.8	67.0	67.0	64.9	64.9	69.0	T
ocial Protection & Labour (AfDB/WB)	43.7	43.7	43.7	43.7	43.7	43.7	38.1	43.7	43.7	43.7	43.7	49.2	51.4	50.3	50.3	Ť
Social Exclusion (BS)																Ť
Equity of Public Resource Use (AfDB/WB)	60.7	60.7	60.7	60.7	60.7	60.7	67.0	66.1	59.8	59.8	59.8	59.8	55.7	55.7	53.6	t
Environmental Policy (BS)																$^{+}$
Environmental Sustainability (AfDB/WB)	34.7	34.7	34.7	34.7	34.7	34.7	34.7	34.7	34.7	34.7	52.8	65.3	65.3	65.3	65.3	+
EDUCATION	47.3	47.3	46.7	46.2	49.2	50.2	50.3	50.4	50.4	53.9	54.4	61.9	63.7	63.7	61.8	H
ducation Provision & Quality (BS)	47.5	47.5	40.7	40.2	43.2	30.2	30.3	30.4	30.4	33.9	34.4	01.5	03.7	05.7		t
	· ·		•		-	•	-	-				•		-	•	+
Education System Quality (WEF)		77.0		77.0		70.1								70.5	77.2	+
Ratio of Pupils to Teachers in Primary School (UNESCO)	77.0	77.0	77.0	77.3	77.7	79.1	80.5	81.8	83.1	84.4	82.3	80.3	81.6	78.5	77.2	+
iteracy (UNESCO)	87.2	87.2	84.5	81.8	79.1	76.3	73.6	70.9	68.2	69.3	70.4	71.5	72.6	73.7	74.9	+
Primary School Completion (WB)	38.4	38.4	38.4	38.1	51.7	54.5	54.6	54.8	58.8	68.0	69.4	97.1	90.7	84.3	74.8	-
secondary School Enrolment (UNESCO)	27.9	27.9	27.9	27.9	31.4	34.8	36.8	38.7	36.1	41.7	43.2	51.5	61.4	69.7	69.7	+
ertiary Education Enrolment (UNESCO)	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.5	9.4	12.2	12.2	12.2	
HEALTH	56.0	66.4	68.2	69.4	72.1	76.4	79.2	81.8	82.7	82.6	76.4	77.4	79.2	80.4	78.9	
Access to Sanitation (WHO/UNICEF)	16.7	18.2	19.7	21.2	22.7	24.2	25.7	27.2	28.8	30.3	31.8	33.3	33.5	33.6	33.7	1
Child Mortality (IGME)	65.4	67.2	69.0	70.8	72.5	74.2	75.7	77.1	78.3	79.4	80.4	81.4	82.2	83.1	83.1	
Maternal Mortality (WHO)	87.0	87.3	87.7	88.1	88.4	88.8	89.1	89.3	89.6	89.9	90.2	90.5	90.8	91.1	91.1	
Indernourishment (WB)	70.1	76.8	81.1	84.7	87.1	89.2	91.0	92.6	93.7	94.4	95.0	95.5	96.0	96.8	96.8	
Disease (Malaria & TB) (WHO)	47.4	48.0	48.5	48.8	48.9	64.8	88.1	96.4	91.0	88.4	91.5	90.2	94.6	95.3	95.3	
mmunisation (Measles, DPT & Hepatitis B) (WB/WHO)	61.1	67.0	71.0	72.5	84.9	93.8	84.7	89.6	97.6	95.7	96.5	94.6	95.0	95.3	95.3	Ť
																+
Intiretroviral Treatment (ART) Provision (UNAIDS)	0.0										25.5	33.4	41.6	48.3	61.2	1

CENTRAL AFRICA

2014 SCORE/100 2014 RANK/8; 1=BEST



SAFETY & RULE OF LAW

41.2



PARTICIPATION & HUMAN RIGHTS

38.9



OVERALL GOVERNANCE

40.9



SUSTAINABLE ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY

33.6

HUMAN DEVELOPMENT

49.7

CAME	ROON		CAR			CHAD)		CON	GO		
7.	45.9	3	7	24.9	8	7	32.8	7	7	42.8	4	
	44.2	4	Q ₂	14.3	8		38.7	6	Q ₂	45.8	3	
IIJ _{P7}	37.9	4		34.1	5		30.6	7		38.2	3	
M.	41.6	1	14	22.0	8	11	27.9	6	a[36.8	4	
Ö,	59.8	3	O ₀	29.0	8	O	34.1	7	O o	50.4	5	
DRC			EQUA	TORIAL GU	JINEA	GABC	N		são tomé & príncip			
7,	33.9	6	7:	35.5	5	7:	52.2	2	7:	59.1	1	
Q ₂	28.3	7	Q ₂	39.3	5	Q ₂	57.7	2	Q ₂	61.5	1	
	32.4	6		22.0	8		48.6	2		67.6	1	
_	31.4	5	M.	27.6	7	₩	41.2	2	W.	40.4	3	
M.	.											

The 2015 IIAG was calculated using data from 33 independent institutions.

African Development Bank (AfDB)

African Union Commission (AUC)

Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED)

Bertelsmann Stiftung (BS)

Economist Intelligence Unit (EIU)

Freedom House (FH)

Ghana Center for Democratic Development (CDD-Ghana)

Global Integrity (GI)

Institut de Recherche Empirique en Economie Politique (IREEP)

Inter-agency Group for Child Mortality Estimation (IGME)

Internal Displacement Monitoring Centre (IDMC)

International Centre for Tax and Development (ICTD)

International Fund for Agricultural Development (IFAD)

International Telecommunication Union (ITU)

Inter-Parliamentary Union (IPU)

Joint United Nations Programme on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS)

Office of the High Commissioner for Human Rights (OHCHR)

Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR)

Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD)

Political Terror Scale (PTS)

Reporters sans frontières (RSF)

The Heritage Foundation (HER)

United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF)

United Nations Department of Economic and Social Affairs (UNDESA)

United Nations Development Programme (UNDP)

United Nations Economic Commission for Africa (UNECA)

United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO)

United Nations Office of Legal Affairs (UNOLA)

United States Department of State - Office to Monitor and Combat Trafficking in Persons (USDS)

Uppsala University, Department of Peace and Conflict Research - Uppsala Conflict Data Programme (UCDP)

World Bank (WB)

World Economic Forum (WEF)

World Health Organization (WHO)

To explore the 2015 IIAG further, including information on the IIAG methodology and data sources, download the IIAG Data Portal, Executive Summary or Sub-category Insights from www.moibrahimfoundation.org/iiag/downloads/.



The IIAG Data Portal is an interactive Excel-based application, available for in-depth analysis of the results of the IIAG, in English or French.

- > EXPLORE KEY FINDINGS > EXPLORE BY COUNTRY
- > EXPLORE BY REGION, REC OR GEOGRAPHICAL GROUPING
- > EXPLORE BY INDICATOR
- > COMPARE COUNTRIES OR GROUPS





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